Mã đề: 104

*Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the sentence that is closest in meaning to each of the following questions.

Câu 1:

"Who did you come to the party with last week?" said Tom to Lyn.

A. Tom asked Lyn who she had come to the party with the previous week.

B. Tom asked Lyn who she came to the party with the previous week.

C. Tom wanted to know with who Lyn had come to the party the week before.

D. Tom asked Lyn who did she come to the party with the week before.

Câu 2:

It was impossible for the little boy to carry such a heavy school bag.

A. The little boy oughtn't to carry such a heavy school bag.

B. The little boy could not carry such a heavy school bag.

C. The little boy can't carry such a heavy school bag.

D. The little boy may not carry such a heavy school bag.

Câu 3:

He started playing football for Manchester United six months ago.

A. He has started playing football for Manchester United for six months.

B. He played with Manchester United footballers six months ago.

C. He had been playing football for Manchester United for six months.

D. He has been playing football for Manchester United for six months.

*Read the following and mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct word or phrase that best fits each of the number blanks

One rather unlikely word that has recently entered the language is "blog", a shortened form of "web log". A blog is a diary posted on the Internet by the person writing it, the blogger, who presumably expects (4) _____ people to read it. It is ironical that modern technology is being used to breathe new life into such an old-fashioned form of the personal journal. And now, as the technology about video cameras is making them easier to use, we have the video log, or "vlog". Vlogging does not (5) ______ highly sophisticated equipment: a digital video camera, a high-speed Internet connection and a host are all that is needed. Vloggers can put anything that (6) ______ their fancy onto their personal website. Some vloggers have no ambitions rather than to show films they have shot while on holiday in exotic places. (7) _____, vlogs can also serve more ambitious purposes. For instance, amateur film makers who want to make a name for themselves might publish their work on the Internet. And increasingly, vlogs are being used to publicize political and social issues (8) ______ are not newsworthy enough to get coverage by the mass media. It is still too early to predict whether vlogging will ever take off in a major way or if it is just a passing fad, but its potential is only now becoming apparent.

Cau 4:				
A. the other	B. other	C. others	D. every	
Câu 5:				
A. maintain	B. require	C. promote	D. improve	
Câu 6:	_	_	_	
A. makes	B. causes	C. catches	D. creates	
Câu 7:				
A. However	B. Consequently	C. Moreover	D. Therefore	
Câu 8:				
A. where	B. what	C. that	D. who	
*Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the sentence that best complete each				

*Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the sentence that best complete each of the following exchanges.

Câu 9: Mrs. Brown is in a restaurant.

- Waitress: Excuse me, may I take your order, madam?

- Mrs. Brown:

A. I don't want to do anything. I've really had enough **B.** Sure, it's delicious

C. Yes, I'd like some fish and chips **D.** OK, here is my bill

Câu 10: Laura and Mitchell are talking about shopping online.

- Laura: I think online shopping can be far less stressful than hitting the high street shop.

- Mitchell: . Only from your smartphone, you can get everything you need.

A. I don't think it's a good idea **B.** I don't agree with you

C. Well, that's very surprising **D.** That's exactly what I think

*Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word that differs from the other three in the position of primary stress in each of the following questions.

Câu 11:

A. commercial	B. domestic	C. applicant	D. investment
Câu 12:			
A. author	B. conflict	C. figure	D. success

*Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the sentence that best combines each pair of sentences in the following questions

Câu 13:

My eldest sister started working as a freelance journalist as soon as she graduated from university.

A. Not until my eldest sister had started working as a freelance journalist did she graduate from university.

B. No sooner had my eldest sister graduated from university than she started working as a freelance journalist.

C. Hardly had my eldest started working as a freelance journalist when she graduated from university.

D. After my eldest sister graduated from university, she had started working as a freelance journalist. **Câu 14:**

My sister is often sick because she doesn't do physical exercise.

A. If my sister does physical exercise, she won't often be sick.

B. Provided that my sister does physical exercise, she won't often be sick.

C. If my sister did physical exercise, she wouldn't often be sick.

D. If only my sister had done physical exercise, she would not be sick.

*Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word OPPOSITE in meaning to the underlined word(s) in each of the following questions.

Câu 15:

You can try to change her mind if you like, but you'll be whistle in the wind.

- **A.** doing something totally pointless **B.** doing something effectively
- **C.** wasting time doing something **D.** surfing in the wind

Câu 16:

Many ethnic minority groups find it hard to **maintain** their own languages.

C. introduce **D**. discontinue

A. prolong **B.** preserve *Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the underlined part that needs correction in each of the following questions

Câu 17:

It's ten years since we have bought that boutique shop in 2009.

C. have bought A. since **B.** boutique shop **D**. It's

Câu 18:

This jungle-covered island is mostly uninhabitable and the only people who are allowed to live on the island are the Costa Rican Park Rangers, so there is great diversity in flora and fauna. A. jungle-covered **B.** uninhabitable **C.** flora and fauna **D.** diversity

Câu 19:

The Green Garden Restaurant uses fresh vegetables in their dishes, which the owners grow in their own garden.

A. vegetables C. their **B.** uses

D. own

*Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word CLOSEST in meaning to the underlined word(s) in each of the following questions.

Câu 20:

The most important thing to avoid boredom is to keep yourself occupied.

A. busy B. comfortable C. relaxed D. free Câu 21:

To absorb a younger workforce, many companies offered retirement plans as <u>incentives</u> for older workers to retire and make way for the young ones who earned lower salary.

A. rewards B. opportunities C. encouragements D. motives

*Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the questions

Pollution emitted in industrial areas represents a threat to human health and the surrounding natural resources. We tend to believe that the production processes are the only source of environmental damage, and often forget about the possible long-term effects of harmful production practices. We may think that the closure of these huge industrial areas would improve the quality of the environment. Unfortunately, this ignores the threat of the remaining waste, which is abandoned and poorly stored. <u>It</u> represents an even bigger danger because it stands neglected as it <u>degrades</u> and leaks into the earth without any control at all.

Changes in the chemistry of water due to surface water contamination can affect all levels of an ecosystem. It can affect the health of lower food chain organisms and, consequently, the availability of food up through the food chain. It can damage the health of wetlands and damage their ability to support healthy ecosystems, control flooding, and filter pollutants from storm water runoff. The health of animals and humans is affected when they drink or bathe in contaminated water. In addition, water-based organisms, like fish and shellfish, can pile up and concentrate contaminants in their bodies. When other animals or humans eat these organisms, they receive a much higher dose of contaminant than they would have if they had been directly exposed to the original contamination.

Contaminated groundwater can badly affect animals, plants and humans if it is removed from the ground by manmade or natural processes. Depending on the study of rocks of the area, groundwater may rise to the surface through springs or seeps, flow sideways into nearby rivers, streams, or ponds, or sink deeper into the earth. In many parts of the world, groundwater is pumped out of the ground to be used for drinking, bathing, other household uses, agriculture, and industry.

Contaminants in the soil can harm plants when they take up the contamination through their roots. Eating, breathing in, or touching contaminated soil, as well as eating plants or animals that have piled up soil contaminants can badly affect the health of humans and animals.

Air pollution can cause breathing-related problems and other bad health effects as contaminants are *absorbed* from the lungs into other parts of the body. Certain air contaminants can also harm animals and humans when they contact the skin. Plants rely on breathing for their growth and can also be affected by exposure to contaminants moved in the air.

Câu 22:

According to the passage,	the industry is likely	to be thought as				
A. a danger to the environment		B. the only source	B. the only source of pollution			
C. a threat to human health		D . the utmost harm	D. the utmost harmful activity			
Câu 23:			-			
Which of the following is the flow of water from the ground to the surface?						
A. rivers	B. springs	C. streams	D. ponds			
Câu 24:			-			
Which of the following affects an ecosystem as a whole?						
A. Soil contamination		B. Groundwater co	B. Groundwater contamination			
C. Surface water contamination		D. Air contaminati	D. Air contamination			
Câu 25:						
Which of the following is the best definition of the word "degrades" in the first paragraph?						
A. to improve the quality of something		B. to increase the q	B. to increase the quantity of something			
C. to become worse in quality		D . to reduce the qu	D. to reduce the quantity of something			

Câu 26:

Which of the following has the closest meaning to the word "absorbed" in the last paragraph? A. consumed **B.** taken in C. piled up **D**. swallowed **Câu 27:** What is the topic of the passage? A. Bad effects of industrial waste **B.** The pollution from the city **C.** The quality of the environment **D.** Sources of environmental damage **Câu 28:** The word "it" in the first paragraph refers to **B.** the environment **A.** the remaining waste **C.** the threat of the remaining waste **D.** a danger *Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word whose underlined part differs from the other three in pronunciation in each of the following questions. **Câu 29:** A. beat **B.** great C. feat **D**. seat **Câu 30: B.** threaten C. there A. method **D**. through *Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the following questions. **Câu 31:** These days more and more people are aware the importance of protecting endangered species. C. of **D**. with A. up B. on Câu 32: The water of the Great Salt Lake is seawater. **B.** the saltiest A. saltiest **C.** more salty than **D**. saltier than Câu 33: The living conditions of the population in recent years. **B.** have been improved **C.** were improved A. will improve **D.** improved Câu 34: We went out for a meal last night. restaurant we went to was excellent. **B.** X (no article) **D**. The A.A C. Any Câu 35: He encourages students rather than memorise formulas and rules. **B.** think A. thinking **C.** to thinking **D**. to think Câu 36: People should willingly _____ a hand with saving the environment before it becomes too bad to live in. A. put B. do C. have **D**. give Câu 37: The factory has a to choose young, qualified people for the job. **B.** tendency C. preference A. trend **D.** possibility Câu 38: Let's not decide yet where to stop on the journey. We'll just play it by _____ and see how we feel. A. lip **B.** eye C. ear **D**. hand **Câu 39:** The pie chart shows the preferred forms of communication recorded in a survey in Intel Secondary School in August 2014. **C.** carried out A. put forward **B.** carried on **D**. put up **Câu 40:** The children _____ by social networks are likely to suffer from depression and other health problems. A. are obsessing **B.** obsessing **C.** are obsessed **D**. obsessed **Câu 41:** We noticed a very sneaky man while we at the checkout. **B.** were standing **C.** had stood **D**. are standing A. stood

Câu 42:

The situation will be better, ? C. will it **D**. isn't it A. does it **B.** won't it Câu 43: Switch off all the lights _____. **A.** by the time you entered the room **B.** after you had left the room **C.** until you entered the room **D.** before you leave the room **Câu 44:** Nobody knows what the of the explosion was. **B**. source C. reason A. reaction **D**. cause Câu 45: We interviewed a number of candidates but none of them us. **A.** impressive **B.** impressed **C.** impression **D.** impressively *Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the

correct answer to each of the questions

Many early ideas about the causes and cures of illness seem ridiculous to us today. Yet in some respects the methods for curing sick persons the medicine man of uncivilized tribes, the witch doctor, used are known to have had real value.

In early times when people became ill, they turned for help to the medicine man of the tribe. It was generally believed that sickness was caused by evil spirits, and it was the medicine man's task to drive these bad spirits out of the sick man. To do this, he would try to frighten them away by making loud noise and wearing frightening masks. Usually he would chant magic words, sing special songs, and perform special dances. Nearly always he used a particular kind of plant which was supposed to be a remedy for a particular sickness.

Some of these cures used by the medicine men did help. The plants which these early doctors used were frequently drugs now understood to be medicinal or pain-relieving. The respect and confidence which the people had in their medicine man gave sick persons hope and helped them feel better.

Câu 46:

It can be inferred from the article that . A. witch doctors always failed. **B.** witch doctors could cure some people. **C.** witch doctors were really ridiculous people. **D**. witch doctors never failed. Câu 47: The word "them" in the second paragraph refers to **C.** other medicine men **D.** sick persons **B.** evil spirits A. magic words Câu 48: Which of the following sentences is NOT TRUE? **A.** Medicine men often used special plants in making their cures. **B.** Everything that medicine men did is now known to be dangerous. **C.** Tribes believe that illness was caused by evil spirits. **D.** Medicine men sometimes performed dances. **Câu 49:** The article is mainly about **B.** medicinal plants **D.** magic chants. A. uncivilized doctoring **C.** sick tribe people Câu 50: Which of the following words has the closest meaning to the word "confidence" in the last paragraph? **C.** hesitation **D**. dependence A. trust **B.** reliability

------ HÉT ------