### SỞ GIÁO DỤC VÀ ĐÀO TẠO HÀ NỘI C**ỤM TRƯỜNG** T<u>HPT SỐC SƠN – MÊ LINH</u>

### Mã đề: 106

\*Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the sentence that best complete each of the following exchanges. **Câu 1:** Laura and Mitchell are talking about shopping online. - Laura: I think online shopping can be far less stressful than hitting the high street shop. - **Mitchell:** . Only from your smartphone, you can get everything you need. **A.** That's exactly what I think **B.** I don't think it's a good idea **C.** Well, that's very surprising **D**. I don't agree with you **Câu 2:** Mrs. Brown is in a restaurant. - Waitress: Excuse me, may I take your order, madam? - Mrs. Brown: A. Sure, it's delicious **B.** I don't want to do anything. I've really had enough **C.** OK, here is my bill **D.** Yes, I'd like some fish and chips \*Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word whose underlined part differs from the other three in pronunciation in each of the following questions. **Câu 3:** A. method **B.** <u>th</u>rough C. threaten D. there **Câu 4:** A. beat B. great C. feat **D**. seat

## \*Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the questions

Many early ideas about the causes and cures of illness seem ridiculous to us today. Yet in some respects the methods for curing sick persons the medicine man of uncivilized tribes, the witch doctor, used are known to have had real value.

In early times when people became ill, they turned for help to the medicine man of the tribe. It was generally believed that sickness was caused by evil spirits, and it was the medicine man's task to drive these bad spirits out of the sick man. To do this, he would try to frighten <u>them</u> away by making loud noise and wearing frightening masks. Usually he would chant magic words, sing special songs, and perform special dances. Nearly always he used a particular kind of plant which was supposed to be a remedy for a particular sickness.

Some of these cures used by the medicine men did help. The plants which these early doctors used were frequently drugs now understood to be medicinal or pain-relieving. The respect and **confidence** which the people had in their medicine man gave sick persons hope and helped them feel better.

Câu 5:

The article is mainly about						
A. uncivilized doctoring	<b>B.</b> medicinal plants	C. sick tribe people	<b>D.</b> magic chants.			
Câu 6:						
It can be inferred from the a	article that					
A. witch doctors were really ridiculous people.		<b>B.</b> witch doctors never failed.				
<b>C.</b> witch doctors could cure some people.		<b>D.</b> witch doctors always failed.				
Câu 7:						
The word " <b>them</b> " in the second paragraph refers to						
A. evil spirits	<b>B.</b> other medicine men	C. sick persons	<b>D.</b> magic words			
Câu 8:						
Which of the following words has the closest meaning to the word " <b>confidence</b> " in the last paragraph?						
A. hesitation	<b>B.</b> dependence	C. reliability	<b>D.</b> trust			

### **Câu 9:**

Which of the following sentences is NOT TRUE?

**A.** Medicine men often used special plants in making their cures.

**B.** Medicine men sometimes performed dances.

**C.** Tribes believe that illness was caused by evil spirits.

**D.** Everything that medicine men did is now known to be dangerous.

### \*Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word OPPOSITE in meaning to the underlined word(s) in each of the following questions.

### Câu 10:

You can try to change her mind if you like, but you'll be whistle in the wind. **A.** doing something totally pointless **B.** doing something effectively **D.** wasting time doing something **C.** surfing in the wind Câu 11: Many ethnic minority groups find it hard to maintain their own languages. **A.** discontinue **B.** prolong C. preserve **D.** introduce \*Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the underlined part that needs correction in each of the following questions Câu 12: This jungle-covered island is mostly uninhabitable and the only people who are allowed to live on the island are the Costa Rican Park Rangers, so there is great diversity in flora and fauna. **B.** uninhabitable A. flora and fauna **C.** diversity **D.** jungle-covered Câu 13: It's ten years since we have bought that boutique shop in 2009. A. have bought **B.** boutique shop C. It's **D**. since **Câu 14:** The Green Garden Restaurant uses fresh vegetables in their dishes, which the owners grow in their own

garden.

#### A. vegetables **B.** own C. uses **D**. their \*Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the questions

Pollution emitted in industrial areas represents a threat to human health and the surrounding natural resources. We tend to believe that the production processes are the only source of environmental damage, and often forget about the possible long-term effects of harmful production practices. We may think that the closure of these huge industrial areas would improve the quality of the environment. Unfortunately, this ignores the threat of the remaining waste, which is abandoned and poorly stored. It represents an even bigger danger because it stands neglected as it **degrades** and leaks into the earth without any control at all.

Changes in the chemistry of water due to surface water contamination can affect all levels of an ecosystem. It can affect the health of lower food chain organisms and, consequently, the availability of food up through the food chain. It can damage the health of wetlands and damage their ability to support healthy ecosystems, control flooding, and filter pollutants from storm water runoff. The health of animals and humans is affected when they drink or bathe in contaminated water. In addition, water-based organisms, like fish and shellfish, can pile up and concentrate contaminants in their bodies. When other animals or humans eat these organisms, they receive a much higher dose of contaminant than they would have if they had been directly exposed to the original contamination.

Contaminated groundwater can badly affect animals, plants and humans if it is removed from the ground by manmade or natural processes. Depending on the study of rocks of the area, groundwater may rise to the surface through springs or seeps, flow sideways into nearby rivers, streams, or ponds, or sink deeper into the earth. In many parts of the world, groundwater is pumped out of the ground to be used for drinking, bathing, other household uses, agriculture, and industry.

Contaminants in the soil can harm plants when they take up the contamination through their roots. Eating, breathing in, or touching contaminated soil, as well as eating plants or animals that have piled up soil contaminants can badly affect the health of humans and animals.

Air pollution can cause breathing-related problems and other bad health effects as contaminants are <u>absorbed</u> from the lungs into other parts of the body. Certain air contaminants can also harm animals and humans when they contact the skin. Plants rely on breathing for their growth and can also be affected by exposure to contaminants moved in the air.

#### Câu 15: What is the topic of the passage? **A.** The pollution from the city **B.** Bad effects of industrial waste **C.** The quality of the environment **D.** Sources of environmental damage Câu 16: The word "it" in the first paragraph refers to **A.** the remaining waste **B.** a danger **C.** the threat of the remaining waste **D**. the environment Câu 17: Which of the following has the closest meaning to the word "absorbed" in the last paragraph? A. swallowed **B.** consumed C. piled up **D**. taken in Câu 18: Which of the following is the flow of water from the ground to the surface? C. rivers A. ponds **B.** springs **D**. streams **Câu 19:** Which of the following affects an ecosystem as a whole? **B.** Air contamination **A.** Surface water contamination **C.** Soil contamination **D.** Groundwater contamination Câu 20: According to the passage, the industry is likely to be thought as **B.** the only source of pollution **A.** a danger to the environment **C.** a threat to human health **D.** the utmost harmful activity Câu 21: Which of the following is the best definition of the word "degrades" in the first paragraph? **A.** to reduce the quantity of something **B.** to become worse in quality **C.** to improve the quality of something **D.** to increase the quantity of something \*Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word CLOSEST in meaning to the underlined word(s) in each of the following questions. Câu 22: To absorb a younger workforce, many companies offered retirement plans as incentives for older workers to retire and make way for the young ones who earned lower salary. **B.** encouragements A. motives **C.** rewards **D**. opportunities Câu 23: The most important thing to avoid boredom is to keep yourself occupied. A. comfortable **B.** busy C. free **D**. relaxed \*Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word that differs from the other three in the position of primary stress in each of the following questions. Câu 24: A. commercial **B.** domestic **C.** investment **D.** applicant Câu 25: A. author **B.** conflict C. figure **D**. success

## \*Read the following and mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct word or phrase that best fits each of the number blanks

One rather unlikely word that has recently entered the language is "blog", a shortened form of "web log". A blog is a diary posted on the Internet by the person writing it, the blogger, who presumably expects (26) \_\_\_\_\_ people to read it. It is ironical that modern technology is being used to breathe new life into such an old-fashioned form of the personal journal. And now, as the technology about video cameras is making them easier to use, we have the video log, or "vlog". Vlogging does not (27) \_\_\_\_\_ highly sophisticated equipment: a digital video camera, a high-speed Internet connection and a host are all that is needed. Vloggers can put anything that (28) \_\_\_\_\_ their fancy onto their personal website. Some vloggers

have no ambitions rather than to show films they have shot while on holiday in exotic places. (29) \_\_\_\_, vlogs can also serve more ambitious purposes. For instance, amateur film makers who want to make a name for themselves might publish their work on the Internet. And increasingly, vlogs are being used to publicize political and social issues (30) \_\_\_\_ are not newsworthy enough to get coverage by the mass media. It is still too early to predict whether vlogging will ever take off in a major way or if it is just a passing fad, but its potential is only now becoming apparent.

Câu 26:						
A. others	<b>B.</b> other	<b>C.</b> the other	D. every			
Câu 27:			Dievery			
A. improve	<b>B.</b> require	C. maintain	D. promote			
Câu 28:	Direquire		<b>D</b> , promote			
A. catches	<b>B.</b> makes	C. creates	D. causes			
Câu 29:	D. makes	C. creates	D. Causes			
A. However	<b>B.</b> Moreover	C. Therefore	<b>D.</b> Consequently			
<b>Câu 30:</b>	D. Moreover	C. Therefore	D. Consequentry			
A. what	<b>B.</b> that	C. who	<b>D</b> . where			
*Mark the letter A, B, C, C	or D on your answer sne	ei io inalcale ine correci	answer to each of the			
following questions.						
Câu 31: Wa interviewa dia mumbana	f and datas but non a of th					
We interviewed a number o			<b>D</b> :			
A. impressively	B. Impressive	<b>C.</b> impression	<b>D.</b> impressed			
<b>Câu 32:</b>						
Switch off all the lights						
A. until you entered the room		<b>B.</b> before you leave the room				
<b>C.</b> after you had left the roo	om and a second s	<b>D.</b> by the time you enter	ed the room			
<b>Câu 33:</b>						
The situation will be better,	?	~	<b>—</b>			
A. isn't it	<b>B.</b> does it	C. won't it	<b>D.</b> will it			
Câu 34:						
The water of the Great Salt						
	<b>B.</b> saltiest	<b>C.</b> saltier than	<b>D.</b> more salty than			
Câu 35:						
These days more and more people are aware the importance of protecting endangered species.						
A. of	B. on	C. up	<b>D.</b> with			
Câu 36:						
The children by social						
A. are obsessing	<b>B.</b> are obsessed	C. obsessed	<b>D.</b> obsessing			
Câu 37:						
People should willingly	a hand with saving the e	environment before it becc	omes too bad to live in.			
A. give	B. put	C. do	<b>D.</b> have			
Câu 38:						
Let's not decide yet where the	o stop on the journey. We'	ll just play it by and	see how we feel.			
A. lip	B. hand	C. ear	D. eye			
Câu 39:						
We went out for a meal last night. restaurant we went to was excellent.						
A. The	<b>B.</b> X (no article)	C. Any	<b>D.</b> A			
Câu 40:						
The factory has a to cl	noose young, qualified peo	ople for the job.				
	<b>B.</b> trend	C. tendency	<b>D.</b> preference			
Câu 41:		-	*			
Nobody knows what the of the explosion was.						
A. cause	B. reason	C. reaction	<b>D</b> . source			

### Câu 42:

The pie chart shows the preferred forms of communication recorded in a survey \_\_\_\_\_ in Intel Secondary School in August 2014.

A. carried on	<b>B.</b> put forward	C. put up	<b>D.</b> carried ou	t			
Câu 43:							
He encourages students rather than memorise formulas and rules.							
A. think	<b>B.</b> to thinking	C. to think	<b>D.</b> thinking				
<b>Câu 44:</b>							
We noticed a very sneaky man while we at the checkout.							
A. stood	<b>B.</b> had stood	C. are standing	<b>D</b> . were stand	ding			
Câu 45:							
The living conditions of the population in recent years.							
A. were improved	<b>B.</b> will improve	C. improved	<b>D.</b> have	been			

improved

# \*Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the sentence that best combines each pair of sentences in the following questions

### **Câu 46:**

My sister is often sick because she doesn't do physical exercise.

**A.** Provided that my sister does physical exercise, she won't often be sick.

**B.** If my sister did physical exercise, she wouldn't often be sick.

**C.** If only my sister had done physical exercise, she would not be sick.

**D.** If my sister does physical exercise, she won't often be sick.

### **Câu 47:**

My eldest sister started working as a freelance journalist as soon as she graduated from university.

**A.** No sooner had my eldest sister graduated from university than she started working as a freelance journalist.

**B.** Hardly had my eldest started working as a freelance journalist when she graduated from university.

C. After my eldest sister graduated from university, she had started working as a freelance journalist.

**D.** Not until my eldest sister had started working as a freelance journalist did she graduate from university.

# \*Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the sentence that is closest in meaning to each of the following questions

### **Câu 48:**

"Who did you come to the party with last week?" said Tom to Lyn.

A. Tom asked Lyn who she came to the party with the previous week.

**B.** Tom asked Lyn who did she come to the party with the week before.

C. Tom wanted to know with who Lyn had come to the party the week before.

**D.** Tom asked Lyn who she had come to the party with the previous week. **Câu 49:** 

It was impossible for the little boy to carry such a heavy school bag.

A. The little boy could not carry such a heavy school bag.

**B.** The little boy oughtn't to carry such a heavy school bag.

**C.** The little boy may not carry such a heavy school bag.

**D.** The little boy can't carry such a heavy school bag.

### Câu 50:

He started playing football for Manchester United six months ago.

A. He played with Manchester United footballers six months ago.

**B.** He has started playing football for Manchester United for six months.

**C.** He has been playing football for Manchester United for six months.

**D**. He had been playing football for Manchester United for six months.

----- HÉT -----